

GCE

Further Mathematics B (MEI)

Y413/01: Modelling with algorithms

Advanced Subsidiary GCE

Mark Scheme for June 2019

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This mark scheme is published as an aid to teachers and students, to indicate the requirements of the examination. It shows the basis on which marks were awarded by examiners. It does not indicate the details of the discussions which took place at an examiners' meeting before marking commenced.

All examiners are instructed that alternative correct answers and unexpected approaches in candidates' scripts must be given marks that fairly reflect the relevant knowledge and skills demonstrated.

Mark schemes should be read in conjunction with the published question papers and the report on the examination.

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Annotations and abbreviations

Annotation in scoris	Meaning
√and ×	
BOD	Benefit of doubt
FT	Follow through
ISW	Ignore subsequent working
M0, M1	Method mark awarded 0, 1
A0, A1	Accuracy mark awarded 0, 1
B0, B1	Independent mark awarded 0, 1
SC	Special case
^	Omission sign
MR	Misread
Highlighting	
Other abbreviations in	Meaning
mark scheme	
E1	Mark for explaining a result or establishing a given result
dep*	Mark dependent on a previous mark, indicated by *
cao	Correct answer only
oe	Or equivalent
rot	Rounded or truncated
soi	Seen or implied
WWW	Without wrong working
AG	Answer given
awrt	Anything which rounds to
BC	By Calculator
DR	This indicates that the instruction In this question you must show detailed reasoning appears in the question.

Subject-specific Marking Instructions for A Level Mathematics B (MEI)

- a Annotations should be used whenever appropriate during your marking. The A, M and B annotations must be used on your standardisation scripts for responses that are not awarded either 0 or full marks. It is vital that you annotate standardisation scripts fully to show how the marks have been awarded. For subsequent marking you must make it clear how you have arrived at the mark you have awarded.
- b An element of professional judgement is required in the marking of any written paper. Remember that the mark scheme is designed to assist in marking incorrect solutions. Correct solutions leading to correct answers are awarded full marks but work must not be judged on the answer alone, and answers that are given in the question, especially, must be validly obtained; key steps in the working must always be looked at and anything unfamiliar must be investigated thoroughly. Correct but unfamiliar or unexpected methods are often signalled by a correct result following an apparently incorrect method. Such work must be carefully assessed. When a candidate adopts a method which does not correspond to the mark scheme, escalate the question to your Team Leader who will decide on a course of action with the Principal Examiner. If you are in any doubt whatsoever you should contact your Team Leader.
- c The following types of marks are available.

Μ

A suitable method has been selected and *applied* in a manner which shows that the method is essentially understood. Method marks are not usually lost for numerical errors, algebraic slips or errors in units. However, it is not usually sufficient for a candidate just to indicate an intention of using some method or just to quote a formula; the formula or idea must be applied to the specific problem in hand, e.g. by substituting the relevant quantities into the formula. In some cases the nature of the errors allowed for the award of an M mark may be specified.

Α

Accuracy mark, awarded for a correct answer or intermediate step correctly obtained. Accuracy marks cannot be given unless the associated Method mark is earned (or implied). Therefore M0 A1 cannot ever be awarded.

В

Mark for a correct result or statement independent of Method marks.

Е

A given result is to be established or a result has to be explained. This usually requires more working or explanation than the establishment of an unknown result.

Unless otherwise indicated, marks once gained cannot subsequently be lost, e.g. wrong working following a correct form of answer is ignored. Sometimes this is reinforced in the mark scheme by the abbreviation isw. However, this would not apply to a case where a candidate passes through the correct answer as part of a wrong argument.

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d When a part of a question has two or more 'method' steps, the M marks are in principle independent unless the scheme specifically says otherwise; and similarly where there are several B marks allocated. (The notation 'dep*' is used to indicate that a particular mark is dependent on an earlier, asterisked, mark in the scheme.) Of course, in practice it may happen that when a candidate has once gone wrong in a part of a question, the work from there on is worthless so that no more marks can sensibly be given. On the other hand, when two or more steps are successfully run together by the candidate, the earlier marks are implied and full credit must be given.

e The abbreviation FT implies that the A or B mark indicated is allowed for work correctly following on from previously incorrect results. Otherwise, A and B marks are given for correct work only – differences in notation are of course permitted. A (accuracy) marks are not given for answers obtained from incorrect working. When A or B marks are awarded for work at an intermediate stage of a solution, there may be various alternatives that are equally acceptable. In such cases, what is acceptable will be detailed in the mark scheme. If this is not the case please, escalate the question to your Team Leader who will decide on a course of action with the Principal Examiner.

Sometimes the answer to one part of a question is used in a later part of the same question. In this case, A marks will often be 'follow through'. In such cases you must ensure that you refer back to the answer of the previous part question even if this is not shown within the image zone. You may find it easier to mark follow through questions candidate-by-candidate rather than question-by-question.

- f Unless units are specifically requested, there is no penalty for wrong or missing units as long as the answer is numerically correct and expressed either in SI or in the units of the question. (e.g. lengths will be assumed to be in metres unless in a particular question all the lengths are in km, when this would be assumed to be the unspecified unit.) We are usually quite flexible about the accuracy to which the final answer is expressed; over-specification is usually only penalised where the scheme explicitly says so. When a value is given in the paper only accept an answer correct to at least as many significant figures as the given value. This rule should be applied to each case. When a value is not given in the paper accept any answer that agrees with the correct value to 2 s.f. Follow through should be used so that only one mark is lost for each distinct accuracy error, except for errors due to premature approximation which should be penalised only once in the examination. There is no penalty for using a wrong value for *g*. E marks will be lost except when results agree to the accuracy required in the question.
- g Rules for replaced work: if a candidate attempts a question more than once, and indicates which attempt he/she wishes to be marked, then examiners should do as the candidate requests; if there are two or more attempts at a question which have not been crossed out, examiners should mark what appears to be the last (complete) attempt and ignore the others. NB Follow these maths-specific instructions rather than those in the assessor handbook.
- h For a genuine misreading (of numbers or symbols) which is such that the object and the difficulty of the question remain unaltered, mark according to the scheme but following through from the candidate's data. A penalty is then applied; 1 mark is generally appropriate, though this may differ for some units. This is achieved by withholding one A mark in the question. Marks designated as cao may be awarded as long as there are no other errors. E marks are lost unless, by chance, the given results are established by equivalent working. 'Fresh starts' will not affect an earlier decision about a misread. Note that a miscopy of the candidate's own working is not a misread but an accuracy error.
- i If a graphical calculator is used, some answers may be obtained with little or no working visible. Allow full marks for correct answers (provided, of course, that there is nothing in the wording of the question specifying that analytical methods are required). Where an answer is wrong but there is some evidence of method, allow appropriate method marks. Wrong answers with no supporting method score zero. If in doubt, consult your Team Leader.
- j If in any case the scheme operates with considerable unfairness consult your Team Leader.

(Questi	ion	Answer	Marks	AOs	Guidance
1	(a)		Bin 1: 24 17 9	M1	1.1	First six numbers placed correctly (those
			Bin 2: 25 18			in bold)
			Bin 3: 11 23 15			
			Bin 4: 19 30	A1	1.1	cao (no additional/repeated values)
				[2]		
1	(b)		<u>24</u> 17 9 25 18 11 23 19 30 15			
			$\underline{25}$ 30 24 $\underline{17}$ 9 18 11 23 19 15 (1 st pass)	M1	1.1	24 used as the first pivot and in the
			30 25 24 <u>18</u> 23 19 17 <u>9</u> 11 15 (2^{nd} pass)			correct position after the first pass
			30 25 24 <u>23</u> 19 18 17 <u>11</u> 15 9 (3 rd pass)	A1	1.1	First three passes correct – must be using
			30 25 24 23 19 18 17 15 11 9 (4 th pass)			quick (not slow) sort
			All sublists have only one element so sort is complete	A1	1.1	Correct sort with either a fifth pass in
						which no changes are made or an
						indication that the sort is complete after a
						fourth pass
				[3]		Mark ascending as a misread
1	(c)		Bin 1: 30 19	M1	1.1	First six numbers placed correctly (those
			Bin 2: 25 24			in bold)
			Bin 3: 23 18 9			
			Bin 4: 17 15 11	A1	1.1	cao (no additional/repeated values)
				[2]		

(Questi	on		Answ	er	Marks	AOs	Guidance	
1	(d)		For both alg has to be pl bins and so with the spa placed in a in decreasir (regarding t algorithms	gorithms the worst ca aced into a bin will r therefore each new r are capacity of all pro- separate bin. The fac ag order or not does r the required compari- have the same order	ase is that each number that not fit in any of the previous number has to be compared evious bins before being et that the numbers are either not change this fact sons) and so both of complexity	B1	2.4	For both algorithms (in the worst case) each number has to be compared with all previous numbers/bins (before being placed into a new bin)	
			e		1 2	[1]			
2	(a)		Activity A B C D E F G H I J K L	Immediate Predecessor(s) - - - C A A, B, D A, B, D C E, F, G, H G, H I I, J		B1 B1	1.1	Any 5 rows correct (not including rows A, B, C) cao	
						[2]			

(Quest	ion	Answer	Marks	AOs	Guidance	
2	(b)		Any critical activity must be part of a critical path from source to sink. If E is critical then this guarantees that A and I must be critical (as E depends on the completion of A only and only activity I requires the immediate completion of activity E)	B1	3.1b	A and I are critical or comment that every activity (on a critical path) has to be critical	
			However K does not necessarily have to be critical as the critical path which goes through E could be AEIL (if the duration of activity L is greater than the duration of activity K) and so the manager's claim is not necessarily correct	B1	2.2b	Mention that either K or L is critical For B2 allow mention that a critical path for the network could be either AEIK or AEIL	
2	(c)	(i)					
			$\begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	M1 A1	1.1 1.1	Forward pass – numbers increasing from source to sink (allow one slip) cao for forward pass	
			$\begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	M1 A1	1.1 1.1	Backward pass – numbers decreasing from sink to source (allow one slip) cao for backward pass	
			6 9 H(7) 13 17 J(6) 22 24				
		/•• `	27.1	[4]			
2	(c)	(11)	2/ hours	[1]	2.2a		

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	Quest	ion						Aı	iswei	r						Marks	AOs	Guidance	
2	(d)		Act	tivity	I	nme	diate)	Tin	ne in	terva	al							
				-	Р	rede	cesso	or(s)								M1	3.1 a	Three workers used at most, at least 10	
			A (7)	-				0 -	7								activities placed, no activity finishing	
			B (•	4)	-				0 -	11								after the completion time for the entire	
			C (6)	-				0 -	9								project and at least 5 activities dealt with	
			D (2)	С				6 -	11								correctly	
			Ε(10)	A				7 –	17									
			F (6	5)	A	, B, I	D		8 –	17									
			G (3)	A	, B, I	D		8 –	17						Δ1	11	C20	
			H(7)	С				6 –	17						ΠΙ	1.1		
			I (5)	E	, F, C	Ъ, Н		17 -	- 22									
			J (6	<u>,</u>	G	, H	,		13 -	- 24									
			K (5)	Ι				22 -	-27									
			L (.	3)	I,	J			22 -	-27									
				,	,											[2]			
Ex	ample	e of a (correc	t sch	edul	le (bı	it use	e tab	le ab	ove t	to ch	eck (candi	idate	e's re	esponse)			
	-															• /			
P	erson	1 A	Α	Α	Α	Α	Α	Α	E	E	E	E	E	E	E	Е			
Р	erson	2 B	В	В	В			D	D	F	F	F	F	F	F				
Р	erson	3 C	С	С	С	С	С	Η	Η	Η	Η	Η	Η	Η	G	G			
		1 1	Г	т	т	т	т	т	IZ.	TZ.	TZ.	17	IZ						
	erson	$\frac{1}{2}$	E	I	I	I	I	I T	K	K	K	K	K						
	erson	$\frac{2}{2}$	J	J	J	J	J	J	L	L	L								
P	erson	3 0																	

Question			Answer	Marks	AOs	Guidance
3	Questi (e) (a)	<u>ion</u>	AnswerThe manager's claim is incorrect because e.g. the total duration of all the activities is 64 hours and with a minimum completion time of 27 hours this would require $64/27 = 2.37$ workers so 3 workers is the minimum required $1 2 3 8 7 4 6 5 9$ ABCDEFGHIA5 8 16DEFGHIBS24 11DDC8Q81	Marks B1 [1] M1	AOs 2.4	GuidanceOr other valid reason e.g. the sum of the durations for non-critical activities is 37 hours which is greater than 27 OR activities B, C, D and F take 18 hours, but these need to be completed in 17 hours to avoid delaying activity I – if detailing when activities must be completed by (oe) then mention of both activities and times must be givenChoosing the 5 in column A, the 2 in column B and the 1 in column C (or 1, 2, 3, -, -, 4, -, -, - across the top of the table or A, B, C, F, or AB, BC, CF,)
			D 16 8 2 - E 2 3 5 F 4 1 3 2 12 G 11 2 2 7 7 H 1 3 12 7 7 AB, BC, CF, FH, GH, EF, DE, EI	A1 B1	1.1	All circled values correct (or all numbers correct across the top of the table)
			Total length of MST = 22	B1 [4]	1.1	

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	Question			An	iswer		Marks	AOs	Guidance	
3	(b)		Node	Order of labelling	labels	Working values	M1	1.2	Correct working values at C	
			Α	1	0	(0)			C	
			В	2	5	5	A1	1.1a	Working values	
			С	3	7	8 7				
			D	8	13	16 15 13	A1	1.1 a	Labels	
			Ε	6	11	11				
			F	4	8	98	Al	1.1	Order of labelling	
			G	7	12	16 12				
			H	5	10	10				
			I	9	16	20 17 16				
			Shortest route	from A to I =	ABCFEI		B1 [5]	1.1		
3	(c)		7 + 12 = 19				B1ft	3.4	Their final value at C + their final value	
									at G	
							[1]			
4	(a)		A supersource	labelled S with	h arcs SA, SB	and SC with the	B 1	1.1	If B0 B0 then SC B1 for arrows or	
			following weig	ght (or greater)	: SA = 17, SB	s = 59, SC = 55			correct 5 arcs	
			A supersink la following weig arrows	belled T with a ghts (or greater	arcs GT and H ·): GT = 53 an	T with the d HT = 62 with	B1	1.1		
							[2]			

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(Quest	ion	Answer	Marks	AOs	Guidance	
4	(b)		Cut = 24 + 53 + 40 + 20 + 30 = 167 (gallons per hour)	B 1	2.2a		
				[1]			
4	(c)	(i)	Arcs AE, BD, BE, BI, CE and FI form a cut in the network	B 1*	1.1	Must mention these arcs form a cut or	
						that all the flow for the network passes	
						through these arcs	
			This line of the formulation therefore maximises the total	Dep*B1	3.3	Award B1B0 for an explanation that	
			flow in the network, so finds the capacity			implies that these arcs will maximise the	
						total flow in the network with some	
						mention of the inclusion of FI	
				[2]			
4	(c)	(ii)	The total flow into each node must be equal to the total flow	B 1	2.5	Explains that flow into $D =$ flow out of D	
			out of each node (excluding the source and sink). The only			(must mention D)	
			arc leading into D is BD and the only arc out of D is DH				
			and hence $BD - DH = 0$	[1]			
4	(d)		AE + BE + CE + IE - EG - EH = 0, $BI + FI - IE = 0$	B 1	3.3	Not $EA + EB + \dots$	
			$AE \le 17, DH \le 22, EG \le 53, EH \le 40, FI \le 27, IE \le 18$	B 1	3.3	Condone additional constraints	
				[2]			
4	(e)	(i)	97 (gallons per hour)	B 1	3.4		
				[1]			
4	(e)	(ii)	The capacity of the cut which partitions the vertices into the	B 1*	3.1b	Condone without S and/or T - allow	
			sets {S, A, B, C, D, F, I}, {E, G, H, T} is 22 + 17 + 15 + 25			listing of cut arcs (DH, AE, BE, CE, IE)	
			$+18 = 97$: min. cut ≤ 97				
			By the maximum flow-minimum cut theorem the maximum	Dep*B1	2.1	Requires correct cut, 97 stated and	
			flow is equal to the minimum cut and so therefore the			mention of max flow-min cut theorem	
			maximum flow through the system is 97 gallons per hour				
				[2]			

Question			Answer	Marks	AOs	Guidance	
4	(f)	(i)	No effect as all the pipes leading into E are already	B1	3.5a	No effect (oe) + explanation (pipes into	
			saturated so no more flow can be sent through E (even if the			E are already saturated or EH is not	
			capacity of E is increased)			saturated before the increase of 20) Note	
						that capacity of $EG + EH = 93$ and	
						current flow through $EG + EH = 75$	
				[1]			
4	(f)	(ii)	$EH \le 60 \text{ only}$	B1ft	3.5c		
				[1]			
5	(a)		$x + y + z \ge 26 \Longrightarrow x + y + z - s_1 + a_1 = 26$	B1	3.1a		
			$2x + y + z \le 34 \Longrightarrow 2x + y + z + s_2 = 34$	B 1	1.1		
			$2r-z=0 \rightarrow 2r-z < 10$ and $2r-z > 10$	R1	319	Implied by two correct equations	
			$2x + z = 0 \implies 2x + z = 10$ and $2x + z = 10$	R1	11	Or B1 for one correct equation (if	
			$2x - z + s_3 = 10$ and $2x - z - s_4 + u_2 = 10$	DI	1.1	previous mark not earned)	
			$P-3r+2y+5z \rightarrow P-3r-2y-5z=0$	R1	3 1 9	previous mark not carried)	
			$1 = 5x + 2y + 5z \implies 1 5x 2y 5z = 0$	M1	3.1a 3.1	Correct form for Q and attempt to	
			$Q = a_1 + a_2$	IVIII	2.1	substitute their expressions for a and a	
						substitute then expressions for a_1 and a_2	
			$Q + 3x + y - s_1 - s_4 = 36$	Al	2.2a		
			$Q P x y z s_1 s_2 s_3 s_4 a_1 a_2$ RHS				
			1 0 3 1 0 -1 0 0 -1 0 0 36	M1	3.3	Three rows correct	
				A1	1.1	cao	
			$\begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$				
			$\begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$				
				[9]			

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	Quest	ion	Answer	Marks	AOs	Guidance
5	(b)			M1	3.1 a	z=2x-10 substituted into at least one constraints and objective function
			P = 13x + 2y(-50)	A1	1.1	
			$3x + y \ge 36, 4x + y \le 44, x \ge 5 (y \ge 0)$	A1	1.1	If M0 SC B1 for two correct constraints in <i>x</i> and <i>y</i>
			50			
			40	B1	1.1	Any two lines correct
			30	B1	1.1	All three lines correct
			20	B1	1.1	Correct feasible region – feasible region must be labelled in some distinctive way
			x = 8, y = 12, z = 6	B1	3.2a	
			P = 78	B1 [8]	1.1	

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